FINANCIAL REPORT CITY OF GRAYLING JUNE 30, 2004

Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Local Gov City	emment Typ	e vnship	Village	Other	City of Gr			i i	inty awford	
Audit Date 6/30/0			Opinion I 10/6/0		<u> </u>	Date Accountant Report Sub	mitted to State:		awioiu	
accorda	l Statemer	ne Sta	tements of	ine Govern	mental Accou	government and render unting Standards Board ont in Michigan by the Mi	(GASB) and	the Uniform	n Reporting For	ared mat
1. We	have comp	olied wi	th the <i>Bulleti</i>	n for the Au	dits of Local U	Inits of Government in N	<i>lichigan</i> as revi	sed.		
2. We	are certifie	d publi	c accountant	s registered	I to practice in	Michigan.				
We furth commen	er affirm th ts and rec	ne follov ommen	wing. "Yes" re idations	esponses h	ave been disc	losed in the financial sta	itements, includ	ling the not	es, or in the repor	rt of
You must	check the	applic	able box for	each item b	elow.					
Yes	✓ No	1. C	ertain compo	onent units/f	funds/agencie	s of the local unit are ex	cluded from the	e financial	statements.	
Yes	✓ No	2. T 2	here are acc 75 of 1980).	umulated d	deficits in one	or more of this unit's u	inreserved fund	f balances/i	retained earnings	s (P.,
Yes	✓ No	3. T	here are ins mended).	tances of n	non-complianc	e with the Uniform Acc	counting and B	Sudgeting A	.ct (P.A. 2 of 196	68, <i>i</i>
Yes	✓ No	4. T	he local unit equirements,	has violate or an order	ed the condit issued under	ions of either an order the Emergency Municip	issued under al Loan Act.	the Munici	ipal Finance Act	or i
Yes	✓ No	5. Ti	he local unit s amended [N	holds depo	osits/investme], or P.A. 55 o	nts which do not compl of 1982, as amended [Mo	y with statutor CL 38.1132]).	y requireme	ents. (P.A. 20 of	194
Yes	✓ No	6. TI	ne local unit l	nas been de	elinquent in dis	stributing tax revenues tl	nat were collect	ted for anotl	her taxing unit.	
Yes	✓ No	7. pe	ension benefi	its (normal	costs) in the	utional requirement (Ar current year. If the plan equirement, no contributi	is more than '	100% funde	ed and the overfu	arne undir
Yes	☑ No	8. Th		uses credit		as not adopted an app			- ,	199
Yes	✓ No	9. Tł	ne local unit h	ıas not adop	oted an invest	ment policy as required	by P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL	129.95).	
	enclosed						Enclosed	To B	e Not ded Require	
The letter	of comme	ents an	d recommen	dations.					~	
Reports o	n individu	al fedei	al financial a	ssistance p	rograms (prog	gram audits).			· ·	
Single Au	dit Report	s (ASL	GU).						~	
Hill, Sc	blic Accounta									
	ing Stre	et	1/			City Petoskey		State MI	ZIP 49770	
Accountant	Signa f ure	-1	100	0	0 \ 0			Date /	- / /	

CITY OF GRAYLING FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2004

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October 6, 2004

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Manager City of Grayling, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grayling, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grayling, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as of June 30, 2004.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2004, on our consideration of the City of Grayling's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

City of Grayling Grayling, Michigan

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Pension Plan Trend Information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grayling's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Hill, behrodens ? Co.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Petoskey, Michigan

CITY OF GRAYLING P.O. BOX 549 GRAYLING, MI 49738

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the CITY OF GRAYLING annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the entity's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004. Since fiscal year 2004 is the initial year for this type of financial presentation, previous year comparisons will not be available until future years.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

Our financial status remained stable over the last year. Net Assets for the Governmental Funds total, \$ 7,619,307 during this fiscal year which reflects a decrease of \$180,809, however we funded depreciation in the amount of \$750,033; \$345,037 which is due to non internal service type activities.

Overall revenues for Governmental Funds were \$ 1,946,823, a 2.8% decrease from the prior year. Overall expenses were \$2,405,088. In addition we booked transfers in, transfers out and sale of property of (\$11,523) which reflected an excess expense of \$469,788.

In 1994, the people of Michigan approved Proposal A. That change to the state's tax structure created an assessed value and a taxable value for each parcel. The taxable value or SEV is 50% of the true cash value of a piece of land and its improvements. That value continues to rise as the value of property increases. The increase in taxable value is capped at the CPI or 5%, whichever is smaller as long as the owner does not sell the property. Upon a sale, the property is reassessed, and the new taxable value will be the same as the assessed value.

Property taxes are based on the taxable value not the assessed value. If there are no sales or improvements in the City, the property tax revenue will only increase by the CPI. Most townships are experiencing a much greater growth in their property tax revenue, due to the fact new development is taking place in rural communities rather than Cities.

Including IFT's, our 2003 taxable value increased by 2.63% during the last year, from \$48,083,425 to \$49,350,173. Assessed Value however increased 10.11% from \$57,417,550 to \$63,224,300.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

This annual report consists of three parts, management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the entity.

The first two statements are entity wide financial statements and provide both long and short term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities and/or business type activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements which focus on individual parts of the entity in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with pension plan trend information.

ENTITY WIDE STATEMENTS:

The entity wide statements report information about the entity as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the entity's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses on a full accrual basis.

The two entity wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities. This is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position. Over time,

increases and decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the entity's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds, not the entity as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. They also may be created by the entity's board. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditure of those resources.

The entity has the following kinds of funds:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-Most of the entity's activities are included in the governmental fund category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that differences between the entity wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed to explain the differences between them.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS-These funds represent activities in the government which are basically treated like private sector companies. These funds are designed to have revenues earned adequate to pay for the operations of the activity. These funds are presented on a full accrual method and will show little difference from the entity wide statement presentation.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS-The entity is a trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others. The entity maintains these funds and is responsible for insuring that the assets of these activities are spent for their intended purpose and at the direction of those to whom the funds belong. These activities do not appear in the entity wide financial statements since the assets do not belong to the entity.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY'S FUNDS:

101 General Fund

The General Fund is the City's main fund. It collects all money that the law does not require to be accounted for in a separate fund. It also pays all the bills that do not fall within another fund. The General Fund covers the widest range of activities in any City. In Grayling, it pays for all city services except streets, equipment, water and sewer.

Capital projects included moving the lights to a new ice rink (\$3,774), in addition to purchasing various pieces of fire equipment paid for by the General Fund \$8,772/FEMA grant \$21,956. We also purchased a new fire truck for \$96,536, of which the City of Grayling and Grayling Township each contributed \$48,268 from the capital replacement savings. The City of Grayling's portion to complete the Fire Station for the year was approximately \$392,000.

Wages increased by 3% for all nonunion employees, with the exception of the Treasurer whose wages increased by 1.5%. Wages for union employees increased according to their contracts. Fringe benefits and payroll taxes have increased accordingly. BCBS continued their increase of 19.17%. MERS costs have decreased due to extra efforts made by City Council to reduce our unfunded liability in 2003. We also increased our personnel with the addition of full-time fireman/inspector, income tax clerk & part-time zoning administrator.

Anticipated revenues were down approximately 10% for the year. We would attribute this to the constant reduction of State Shared Revenue as well as declining interest rates.

Expenditures were allocated as follows:

Recreation	\$ 29,940
General Government	\$ 840,941
Public Safety	\$ 693,979
Legislative	\$ 18,469
Public Works	\$ 125.969

202 Major Streets & 203 Local Streets

The State of Michigan classifies all City streets as Major and Local Streets. The classification is based on criteria that include width, parking restrictions, connections to State trunk lines and traffic count. Major Streets are eligible for increased funding from the state. This year we received \$102,216 for major streets and \$52,780 for local streets. The revenue for these classifications must be kept in separate funds. The street funds receive money from the state that comes from gasoline taxes. This money must be used for construction and maintenance of city streets.

This state money does not cover the cost of streets for any city. In most years, money is transferred from the General Fund to pay for the cost of maintenance and snow removal.

The major streets in the City include:

- Industrial Drive
- Hanson
- Dupont
- Salling
- Lake
- Maple
- State
- Michigan
- Peninsular
- Norway
- One block of Ionia from Cedar to Peninsular

All other City streets are classified as local streets.

211 Income Tax

The Income Tax Fund collects the revenue from the City Income Tax. In 1972, the voters approved the ordinance, which limits expenditures from the fund to capital improvement projects. This is a 1% tax on income of city residents and ½ % on the income others earn in the city. It is important that the Income Tax Fund always has sufficient money to pay for necessary street and sidewalk improvements. That was the original intent of the ordinance that the residents approved. City Council adopted the policy establishing a minimum amount of \$400,000 to retain in the Income Tax Fund Equity. The current fund balance is \$1,187,949. 2004 -2005 anticipated capital projects include streetscape, industrial park improvements, storm water improvement, wellhead protection, Burton Court, and the recreational park improvements, totaling \$787,885. This leaves an undesignated fund balance of \$400,064.

Revenues decreased as anticipated due to the increased exemption allowance. We had originally estimated our revenue loss to be approximately \$45,000; the actual decrease was \$43,000. Increased compliance and cross-referencing with the State, and the addition of a full-time rather than a part time employee, should help to offset these losses in the future.

370 Bond Debt Fund

This Fund is used to pay our General Fund Obligations. A transfer from the General Fund is made to the Bond Debt Fund to cover this obligation.

470 Capital Construction Fund

This fund was initially set up to track all expenses relating to the construction of the new City Hall. Since the project is complete this fund is no longer needed.

592 Water & Sewer Fund

Water & Sewer Fund accounts for the City providing water and sewer services to the residents and businesses in the City. Revenue is provided primarily through user fees. The state requires that revenues in this fund must cover any costs for the services.

Revenues were estimated almost to the penny. We collected 101% of our total anticipated budget. Revenues from water and sewer sales were recorded at 10% below our anticipated level, however our customer sales and delinquent fees were recorded much higher than anticipated.

Expenditures were allocated as follows:

Operation	\$ 351,836
Repair & maintenance	\$ 41,459
Depreciation	\$ 149,824
Machinery & equipment	\$ 4,565

We did however add to our net assets in the amount of \$32,600, however \$43,252 is restricted for use on the stormwater project. Taxpayers are conserving water and saving their money. While this is a good thing for them it unfortunately decreases our water and sewer sales revenue, while expenditures increase creating a deficit of \$10,652. We are confident that continued diligence and annual rate increases will improve this financial situation.

661 Internal Service Fund

Think of the Internal Service Fund as the City's motor pool. It accounts for the cost of acquiring, maintaining, and providing vehicles and equipment for various City departments. This includes the cost of buildings to house that equipment. Each department pays a rental charge to the fund for their use of its equipment. This allows the Internal Service Fund to replace City equipment when necessary.

Its initial balance was a transfer from the General Fund. The revenue from equipment rental does not cover the cost of purchasing, equipment or depreciation. Over the years, the General Fund has transferred money to the Internal Service Fund on a regular basis. This money has been used for the purchase of the equipment. The rental revenue covers the cost of maintaining, repairing and fueling the equipment. Since 1997 the Internal Service Fund has paid the cost of these purchases.

We did not add any capital equipment to our assets in 2003-2004. All costs related to this fund were operational or maintenance.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG TERM DEBT ACTIVITY:

Capital Assets

Governmental Activities: \$11,986,940 Business Type Activities: \$7,771,502

Long term Debt

Governmental Activities: \$1,116,487 Business Type Activities: \$1,656,000

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS:

We will be receiving less money for Revenue Sharing and from the State in the next few years. Application for several new grants will be submitted. Capital projects the City Council has committed to in the new fiscal year will reduce our savings in the governmental funds in the amount of \$787,885. Caution should be exercised for any future commitments until current projects are completed.

	CONTACTING ENTITY MANAGEMENT:
•	This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, creditors, investors and interested parties with a general overview of the entity's finances and to demonstrate the entity's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have questions concerning this report, please contact City of Grayling, PO Box 549, Grayling, MI 49738 or call 989-348-2131.
•	

Terry McGregor, Treasurer

City of Grayling Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

			Prin	mary	Government		
-			vernmental Activities		ness Type ctivities		Total
	<u>Assets</u>						
	Current assets		0.000 / /7	•	000 074	æ	4 077 0 41
_	Cash	\$	3,338,667	\$	939,274	Þ	4,277,941 487,536
	Investments		487,536		-		
	Accounts receivable		-		167,207		167,207
_	Interest receivable		5,789		_		5,789 4,939
	Taxes receivable		4,939		-		4,737 488
	Due from fiduciary fund		488		-		79,436
	Due from other governmental units		56,273		23,163		18,900
	Inventory				18,900		10,700
	Total current assets		3,893,692		1,148,544		5,042,236
_	Noncurrent assets						
	Restricted cash		-		130,123		130,123
	Land		148,421		· -		148,421
_	Buildings		2,104,939		<u>-</u>		2,104,939
	Machinery and equipment		2,062,547		7,694,970		9,757,517
	Infrastructure		7,671,033		· -		7,671,033
	Construction in progress		-		76,532		76,532
	Less: accumulated depreciation		(6,779,897)		(2,717,561)		<u>(9,497,458)</u>
	2033. accombiato a depite statut						
-	Total noncurrent assets		5,207,043		5,184,064		10,391,107
	Total assets		9,100,735		6,332,608		15,433,343
-	Liabilities and Net Assets						
	Current liabilities						
	Accrued expenses	\$	23,693	\$	6,829	\$	30,522
	Accounts payable		56,360		36,158		92,518
	Accrued interest payable		15,850		41,400		57,250
	Due to other governmental units		60,324		-		60,324
	Deferred revenue		167,977		-		167,977
-	Notes payable, due within one year		13,966		-		13,966
	Bonds payable, due within one year		25,000		30,000		55,000
	Total current liabilities		363,170		114,387		477,557_
-	Total Content Racimios						
	Noncurrent liabilities		40.707				40 727
	Compensated absences payable		40,737		-		40,737
	Notes payable		227,521		-		227,521
	Bonds payable		850,000		1,626,000		2,476,000
-	Total noncurrent liabilities		1,118,258		1,626,000		2,744,258
	Total liabilities		1,481,428		1,740,387		3,221,815
	Net assets		4.000.557		0.007.041		7,488,497
	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,090,556		3,397,941		
	Restricted		2 500 751		130,123		130,123
	Unrestricted		3,528,751		1,064,157		4,592,908
	Total net assets		7,619,307		4,592,221		12,211,528
-		٠	0.100.705	ď	¥ 330 400	Œ	15 422 242
_	Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$</u>	9,100,735	<u>\$</u>	6,332,608	<u> D</u>	15,433,343

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 Statement of Activities City of Grayling

			Program Revenues	\$5	Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	p
			:	;	Prima	Primary Government	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business Type	-
ctions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	lotal
vernmental activities:		,	,	,		÷	
Legislative	\$ 18,469	\$	37 500	' ∨	(18,469)	ı 1	\$ (18,469) (793,883)
General government Public safety	330,826	006,622	57.5	21.956	(308,195)	1	(308,195)
Public works	127.589	t) ;) 	(127,589)	ı	(127,589)
Highways and streets	495,260		154,996	i	(340,264)	ı	(340,264)
Culture & recreation Debt service	30,594	ı	1 1	1 1	(30,594)	t 1	(30,594)
Total governmental activities	2,101,059	225,300	193,171	21,956	(1,660,632)	1	(1,660,632)
siness type activities: Water and Sewer	430 484	523.386	13.130	76.532	,	(17,436)	(17,436)
	1000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000					
Total primary government	\$ 2,731,543	\$ 748,686	\$ 206,301	\$ 98,488	(1,660,632)	(17,436)	(1,678,068)
		General revenues:			705 541		705 541
		Property taxes income taxes			335,624		335,624
		Sales taxes			240,852	t	240,852
		Alcoholic bev	Alcoholic beverage taxes		4,965	ŧ	4,965
		Unrestricted in	vestment eaming	JS.	170,989	6,784	177,773
		Sale of property	t⁄.		31,729	1	31,729
		Other			13,3/5	43.252	13,3/5
		Total general revenues and transfers	enues and transfe	ers	1,479,823	50,036	1,529,859
		Change in net assets	sets		(180,809)	32,600	(148,209)
		Net assets - beginning	ning		7,800,116	4,559,621	12,359,737
		Net assets - ending	Ď.		\$ 7,619,307	\$ 4,592,221	\$12,211,528

Business type activities: Water and Sewer

Legislative General government Public safety Public works Highways and streets Culture & recreation Debt service

Functions/Programs Primary Government Governmental activities:

to the beside financial etators

City of Grayling Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

-	General	M	ajor Street	Loc	cal Street	Income Tax	Other No Govern Fur	mental	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Asse <u>ts</u>		. —	7.							
Cash	\$ 1,556,093	\$	200,863	\$	21,198	\$ 1,358,329	\$	-	\$	3,136,483
investments	487,536	•	-		-	-		-		487,536
Interest receivable	5,789		-		-	-		-		5,789
Taxes receivable	4,939		-		-	-		-		4,939
Due from other funds	488		-		6,357	-		-		6,845
Due from other governmental units	31,030		17,353		7,890	÷				56,273
Due from offier governmentarions	01,000									
Total assets	\$ 2,085,875	<u>\$</u>	218,216	\$	35,445	\$ 1,358,329	\$	-	\$	3,697,865
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accrued expenditures	\$ 19,514	\$	1,808	\$	297	\$ 1,475	\$	-	\$	23,094
Accounts payable	53,663	•	_		375	928		-		54,966
Due to other funds	6,357		-		_	-		-		6,357
Due to other governmental units	60,324		_		_	-		-		60,324
Deferred revenue	-		-		-	167,977		-		167,977
Detelled leveline									•••	
Total liabilities	139,858		1,808		672	170,380		-		312,718
Fund balances										
Unreserved, designated for										
Bond debt	82,652		-		-	-		-		82,652
 Cemetery expenditures 	517,437		-		-	-		-		517,437
Fire protection expenditures	80,080		_		-	-		-		80,080
Unfunded pension	260,296		-		-	-		-		260,296
Burton court	· <u>-</u>		-		-	87,000		-		87,000
Crack sealing	_		-		-	20,000		-		20,000
Vehicle	-		-		-	120,000		-		120,000
Industrial park grant	_		-		-	90,885		-		90,885
Park grant	_		-		_	117,000		-		117,000
Streetscape grant	_		-		-	350,000		-		350,000
Wellhead protection grant	-		-		_	3,000		-		3,000
Unreserved, undesignated										
Capital projects	_		-		-	-		-		-
General fund	1,005,552		_		_	_		_		1,005,552
	1,000,002	•	216,408		34,773	400,064		-		651,245
Special revenue			210,400		0 1,7 7 0					
Total fund balances	1,946,017		216,408		34,773	1,187,949				3,385,147
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$ 2,085,875	\$	218,216	\$	35,445	\$ 1,358,329	\$		<u>\$</u>	3,697,865

City of Grayling Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net assets, these assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Governmental capital assets Accumulated depreciation Governmental funds report interest when due, whereas in the statement of net assets, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds.	i	11,069,926 (6,374,901)
in the statement of net assets, these assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Governmental capital assets Accumulated depreciation Governmental funds report interest when due, whereas in the statement	i	
Accumulated depreciation Governmental funds report interest when due, whereas in the statement		
Governmental funds report interest when due, whereas in the statement of net assets, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds.		
		(15,850)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental bonds payable Governmental notes payable Compensated absences		(875,000) (241,487) (40,737)
The internal service fund is used to charge motor vehicle usage costs to various departments within the City. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities		
in the statement of net assets.	<u></u>	712,209
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	_\$	7,619,307

(126,184) (11,523)(469,788) 3,854,935 82,932 3,385,147 18,469 125,969 38,514 25,875 2,405,088 53,285 1,946,823 ,040,875 225,490 643,979 44,452 187,400 1,061,165 21,956 426,488 187,065 170,989 Governmental Funds Total (187,400)82,932 187,400 44,452 38,514 (270,332)82,932 Other Nonmajor 187,400 270,366 34 34 Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (43,252)139,646 (43,252)1,048,303 \$ 1,187,949 382,832 182,898 335,624 9,708 12,500 199,934 199,934 25,000 Income Tax For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 34,773 (46,308) (46,308)180'18 66,193 105 99,193 52,885 Local Street 52,780 **Governmental Funds** City of Grayling 216,408 (23, 234)(23,234)102,216 239,642 847 126,297 126,297 103,063 Major Street (82,932) (301,289) 2,298,509 (51,203)(352,492)125,969 \$ 1,946,017 246,492 187,065 13,375 18,469 643,979 1,709,298 21,956 53,285 1,408,009 725,541 160,295 840,941 General Other financing sources (uses) Intergovernmental revenues Net change in fund balances Culture and recreation Fund balances - beginning Total other financing General government Highways and streets Excess (deficiency) of revenues over Principal retirement Total expenditures Fund balances - ending Charges for services sources (uses) Interest and rentals expenditures Total revenues Federal revenue Public safety Sale of property Public safety **Public works** Capital outlay: State revenue Legislative Debt service: Transfers out Transfers in Expenditures Interest Current: Other Taxes

sa a suita a part of the basic financial statements

City of Grayling Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

-	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(469,788)
_	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
-	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.		
-	Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation		641,014 (345,037)
-	Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount of principal paid on long-term debt.		38,514
_	Interest on long-term debt is recognized as an expenditure when it is due in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		2,814
	Compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure when it is paid in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities, however, compensated absences are recognized as an expense when earned.		(5,790)
_	The internal service fund is used to charge motor vehicle usage costs to various departments within the City. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is included in the governmental activities in the statement of activities.	-	(42,536)
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	_\$_	(180,809)

City of Grayling Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)
Revenues				4 (5.750)
Taxes	\$ 731,300	\$ 731,300	\$ 725,541	\$ (5,759)
Federal revenue	-	<u>-</u>	21,956	21,956
State revenue	240,500	240,500	246,492	5,992
Charges for services	228,052	228,052	187,065	(40,987)
Interest and rentals	201,989	201,989	160,295	(41,694)
Other	5,000	5,000	13,375	8,375
Intergovernmental revenues	53,285	53,285	53,285	-
Total revenues	1,460,126	1,460,126	1,408,009	(52,117)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	144,925	144,925	29,940	(114,985)
General government	907,143	912,438	840,941	(71,497)
Legislative	21,620	21,620	18,469	(3,151)
Public safety	592,925	692,925	693,979	1,054
Public works	131,560	131,560	125,969	(5,591)
Total expenditures	1,798,173	1,903,468	1,709,298	(194,170)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(338,047)	(443,342)	(301,289)	142,053
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of property	9,563	9,563	31,729	22,166
Transfers in	126,325	126,325	-	(126,325)
Transfers out	(96,238)	(96,238)	(82,932)	13,306
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,650	39,650	(51,203)	(90,853)
Net change in fund balance	(298,397)	(403,692)	(352,492)	51,200
Fund balance - beginning	2,298,509	2,298,509	2,298,509	

City of Grayling

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Major Street Fund**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budge	eted Amounts		
_	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over/(Under)
Revenues State revenue Interest and rentals	\$ 101,608 2,500	\$ 101,608 2,500	\$ 102,216 847	\$ 608 (1,653)
Total revenues	104,108	104,108	103,063	(1,045)
Expenditures Current: Highways and streets	134,850	134,850	126,297	(8,553)
Net change in fund balance	(30,742)	(30,742)	(23,234)	7,508
Fund balance - beginning	239,642	239,642	239,642	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 208,900	\$ 208,900	\$ 216,408	\$ 7,508

City of Grayling Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual **Local Street Fund**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

			Budgeted	Amo	unts		Vario	en a a vuith
			Priginal		Final	Actual mounts	Fina	ince with I Budget r/(Under)
-	Revenues State revenue Interest and rentals	\$	46,044 1,000	\$	46,044 1,000	\$ 52,780 105	\$	6,736 (895)
_	Total revenues	<u></u>	47,044		47,044	 52,885		5,841
_	Expenditures Current:							
	Highways and streets		123,570		123,570	 99,193		(24,377)
-	Net change in fund balance		(76,526)		(76,526)	(46,308)		30,218
	Fund balance - beginning		81,081		81,081	 81,081		-
	Fund balance - ending	\$	4,555	\$	4,555	\$ 34,773	\$	30,218

City of Grayling Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual Income Tax For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

_	Budgeted Amounts			Navione a suith
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)
Revenues Taxes State revenue Interest and rentals Other Total revenues	\$ 400,000 - 18,000 - 418,000	\$ 400,000 - 18,000 - 418,000	\$ 335,624 25,000 9,708 12,500 382,832	\$ (64,376) 25,000 (8,292) 12,500 (35,168)
Expenditures Current: General government	804,000	804,000	199,934	(604,066)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(386,000)	(386,000)	182,898	568,898
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out			(43,252)	(43,252)
Net change in fund balance	(386,000)	(386,000)	139,646	525,646
Fund balance - beginning	1,048,303	1,048,303	1,048,303	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 662,303	\$ 662,303	\$ 1,187,949	\$ 525,646

City of Grayling Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

Assets	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Current Assets Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Inventory	\$	939,274 167,207 23,163 18,900	\$	202,184
Total current assets		1,148,544		202,184
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash Construction in progress Machinery & equipment Less: accumulated depreciation		130,123 76,532 7,694,970 (2,717,561)		- 917,014 (404,996)
Total noncurrent assets		5,184,064	······································	512,018
Total assets	\$	6,332,608	_\$	714,202
<u>Liabilities and Net Assets</u>				
Current liabilities Accrued expenses Accounts payable Accred interest payable Bonds payable - current	\$	6,829 36,158 41,400 30,000	\$	599 1,394 - -
Total current liabilities		114,387		1,993
Noncurrent liabilities Bonds payable		1,626,000		1,993
Total liabilities	·····	1,740,367		1,7,70
 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for stormwater project Restricted for bond covenants Unrestricted 		3,397,941 43,252 86,871 1,064,157		502,018 - - - 210,191
Total net assets	-	4,592,221		712,209
Total liabilities and net assets	_\$	6,332,608	_\$	714,202

City of Grayling

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets **Proprietary Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Operating revenues	-	E		ess Type Activities - erprise Fund er and <u>Sewer</u>	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Charges for services \$ 523,386 \$ 152,970 Operating expenses Personnel 154,041 65,120 Contractual 141,679 16,770 Supplies 8,750 23,435 Utilities 47,366 8,408 Repair & maintenance 41,459 26,561 Depreciation 149,824 56,455 Machinery & equipment 4,5655 - Total operating expenses 547,684 196,749 Operating income (loss) (24,298) (44,159) Nonoperating revenues 6,784 1,623 Interest and rentals 6,784 1,623 Federal revenues 2,190 - State revenues 19,914 1,623 Nonoperating expenses (82,800) - Interest (82,800) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (62,886) 1,623 Income (loss) before operating transfers and capital contributions (87,184) (42,536) Capital contributions 76,532 - <td< th=""><th>-</th><th>Operating revenues</th><th></th><th>er and sewer</th><th></th><th>10110</th></td<>	-	Operating revenues		er and sewer		10110	
Personnel		•	\$	523,386	\$	152,590	
Personnel	_	Operating expenses					
Supplies		· ·					
Subplicities		Contractual					
Utilities 47,366 8,408 Repair & maintenance 41,459 26,561 Depreciation 149,824 56,455 Machinery & equipment 4,565 — Total operating expenses 547,684 196,749 Operating income (loss) (24,298) (44,159) Nonoperating revenues (24,298) (44,159) Nonoperating revenues 10,940 — State revenues 19,914 1,623 Nonoperating expenses 19,914 1,623 Interest (82,800) — Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (62,886) 1,623 Income (loss) before operating transfers and capital contributions (87,184) (42,536) Capital contributions 76,532 — Operating transfers in 43,252 — Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745	-	Supplies		· ·			
Name							
Depreciation 149,824 56,455 Machinery & equipment 4,565		Repair & maintenance					
Machinery & equipment 4.565 - Total operating expenses 547,684 196,749 Operating income (loss) (24,298) (44,159) Nonoperating revenues (24,298) (44,159) Nonoperating revenues 10,940 - State revenues 2,190 - Total nonoperating revenues 19,914 1,623 Nonoperating expenses (82,800) - Interest (82,800) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (62,886) 1,623 Income (loss) before operating transfers and capital contributions (87,184) (42,536) Capital contributions 76,532 - Operating transfers in 43,252 - Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745	-	·				56,455	
Nonoperating income (loss) (24,298) (44,159)				4,565			
Nonoperating revenues 1,623	-	Total operating expenses		547,684		196,749	
Interest and rentals		Operating income (loss)		(24,298)		(44,159)	
Interest and rentals		Nonoperating revenues					
Total nonoperating revenues 10,940 Total nonoperating revenues 19,914 1,623 Nonoperating expenses (82,800) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (62,886) 1,623 Income (loss) before operating transfers and capital contributions (87,184) (42,536) Capital contributions 76,532 - Operating transfers in 43,252 - Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745				6,784		1,623	
Total nonoperating revenues 2,190				10,940		-	
Nonoperating expenses Interest (82,800) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (62,886) 1,623 Income (loss) before operating transfers and capital contributions (87,184) (42,536) Capital contributions 76,532 - Operating transfers in 43,252 - Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745	-			2,190		-	
Interest		Total nonoperating revenues		19,914		1,623	
Interest	-	Nonoperating expenses					
Income (loss) before operating transfers and capital contributions Capital contributions Operating transfers in Change in net assets Total net assets - beginning 187,184) (42,536) (87,184) (42,536) 76,532 - 43,252 - (42,536) 754,745				(82,800)		_	
and capital contributions (87,184) (42,536) Capital contributions 76,532 - Operating transfers in 43,252 - Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745	-	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(62,886)		1,623	
Operating transfers in 43,252 - Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745	_			(87,184)		(42,536)	
Operating transfers in 43,252 - Change in net assets 32,600 (42,536) Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745		Capital contributions		76.532		-	
Total net assets - beginning 4,559,621 754,745		·		•		_	
710,000	_	Change in net assets		32,600		(42,536)	
Total net assets - ending <u>\$ 4,592,221</u> <u>\$ 712,209</u>	 ,	Total net assets - beginning		4,559,621	W-11-1	754,745	
	-	Total net assets - ending	\$	4,592,221	\$	712,209	

City of Grayling Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Ente	rype Activities - rprise Fund r and Sewer	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities	•	510.010	¢	
Cash receipts from customer	\$	519,213	\$	1 <i>52,</i> 590
Receipts from interfund services provided		(1.51.01.5)		(66,392)
Payments to employees		(151,215)		(66,218)
Payments to suppliers		(133,288) (81,506)		(9,270)
Payments for interfund services used		(81,300)		(7,270)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		153,204		10,710
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Subsidy from federal/state grant		13,130		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Transfer from other funds		43,252		
Capital contributions		53,369		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(76,532)		-
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(83,525)		-
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(29,000)		
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing		(92,436)		-
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received		6,784		1,623
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		80,682		12,333
Cash - beginning		988,715		189,851
Cash - ending	\$	1,069,397	\$	202,184
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (us activities:	ed) by operatin	g		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(24,298)	\$	(44,159)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:		1 40 00 4		56,455
Depreciation		149,824		-
(Increase) decrease in customer receivables		(4,1 <i>7</i> 3) 29,025		(314)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		29,025 2,826		(1,272)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		2,026		(1,2/2)
Total adjustments		177,502		54,869
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	¢	153,204	\$	10,710

City of Grayling Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004

	Agency <u>Fund</u>
<u>Assets</u> Cash	\$ 4,209
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to other funds Due to other governmental units	\$ 488 3,721
Total liabilities	\$ 4,209

CITY OF GRAYLING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2004

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grayling was incorporated in May, 1935 under the provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended (Home Rule City Act). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, cemetery, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. Pronouncements of the FASB issued after November 30, 1989 are not applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the proprietary funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 20. The following is a summary of the significant policies used by the City of Grayling:

REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by GASB No. 14, and amended by GASBS No. 39. GASBS 14 states that the primary basis for determining whether outside agencies and organizations should be considered component units of the City and included in the City's financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability has been defined as follows: A primary government has substantive authority to appoint a voting majority of the component unit's board; the primary government is either able to impose its will on a component unit or there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial burdens on the primary government; and the component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government. The City has no component units.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Grayling Housing Commission is governed by a five member board appointed by the Grayling City Council. The Commission is legally separate and not financially accountable to the City of Grayling, thus it is not shown as part of the City's financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Commission can be obtained from its administrative office.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW

The City of Grayling's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and the fund financial statements categorize primary government activities as either governmental or business type. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The primary government is reported separately from legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City has no component units.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity, such as overhead costs, has been eliminated from these statements. The government-wide focus is more on operational efficiency, the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

The Internal Service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented at the government-wide level. This is because the principal users of the internal service are the City's governmental activities. The net profit/loss in the internal service fund is allocated to the functional activity (public safety, public works, etc.) based upon usage.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business type activities are presented on a consolidated basis. Due to the full accrual, economic resource basis, all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations are recognized. The City's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. This statement reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which includes charges for services, operating grants and capital grants.

The program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The focus of the fund financial statement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources).

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The emphasis in the fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental or business type categories. GASBS No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the governmental and proprietary funds) for the determination of major funds.

Governmental Funds

The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

Major and Local Street Funds – The Street Funds account for the operation of the street departments. Primary financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain streets.

Income Tax Fund – The Income Tax Fund accounts for the proceeds from the City income tax collections. These collections are reserved for capital improvements.

In addition, the City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service fund accounts for the payment of interest and principal on long-term obligations.

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project Fund accounts for the purchase or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of the proprietary funds is upon the determination of operating income, changes in fund net assets, financial position, and cash flows, which is similar to for-profit businesses. The following is a description of the major proprietary fund of the City:

Water and Sewer Fund – The Water and Sewer Fund is an Enterprise Fund. The fund is financed and operated in a manner similar to a private enterprise. The intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer services to the general public are recovered through user charges.

In addition, the City reports the following non-major proprietary funds:

Motor Vehicle and Equipment Fund – The Motor Vehicle and Equipment Fund is an internal service fund. This fund accounts for the cost of acquiring, maintaining and providing vehicle and equipment usage to various City departments.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer and the Motor Vehicle and Equipment Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee or agent capacity. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. All trust funds employ the same economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting as do proprietary funds. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting, however, report only assets and liabilities. The following is a description of the fiduciary fund maintained by the City.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund accounts for the collection and payments of property tax levies.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

All proprietary and agency funds are accounted for using the full accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Unbilled water and sewer utility service receivables are recorded at year-end.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned, as long as they are both available and measurable. Revenues are available when received within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, as under full accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from" other funds on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements and as "internal balances" on the Statement of Net Assets of the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY - CONTINUED

Capital assets are recorded by the City when the initial individual costs are equal to or greater than the following amounts:

Asset Type	<u>Amoun</u>	
Land	\$ 1	
Equipment	1,000	
Buildings	1,000	
Infrastructure	1,000	

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, buildings and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Building Improvements	15 to 30 years
Water and Sewer Lines	50 to 75 years
Streets, Curbs and Gutters	10 to 30 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Office Equipment	5 to 7 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Time)

All vacation, sick pay, and other employee benefit amounts accrue when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Sick and vacation pay are recognized in the governmental financial statements when a payment is made.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reserved fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for specific purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED COMPARATIVE DATA

Comparative data for the prior year is not included in the City's financial statements.

ACCOUNTING CHANGE

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Effective July 1, 2003, the City implemented the provisions of GASB No. 34. Changes to the City's financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the City's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the City's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements with a focus on major funds.
- Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets include assets which were previously reported in the General Fixed Asset Account Group.
- Liabilities in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Assets include bonds and other long-term obligations which were previously reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all operating funds of the City except for the agency fund. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first Council meeting in May, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the fund budgets are legally enacted through passage of resolutions.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures/expenses of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 6. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.
- 7. Encumbrances, which are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services, lapse at year end and are re-appropriated as part of the subsequent year's budget.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The City is required under Public Act 621 to adopt a budget for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The City did not incur an excess of expenditures over appropriations for the General or Special Revenue Funds.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the City to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The City's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2004, the carrying amount of the City's deposits, including the fiduciary fund, was \$4,412,273 and the bank balance was \$4,531,411.

Pooling of Cash - The City pools cash to maximize its investment return.

Fund	Pooled Cash		
Primary Government General Major Street Local Street Income Tax Water and Sewer Fund Internal Service Fund	\$	1,327,951 200,863 21,198 175,964 958,496 202,184	
Total pooled cash		2,886,656	
Cash not held in pooled accounts:		1,525,617	
Total Cash	\$	4,412,273	

Federal Depository Insurance

Of the above balance in cash, \$316,607 was covered by federal depository insurance. \$1,009,595 is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name. The remaining amount was uninsured and uncollateralized. The City may experience significant fluctuations in deposit balances throughout the year.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments

Investments are stated at market value. Investments held at a financial institution can be categorized according to three levels of risk. The three levels of risk are:

Category 1 Investments that are insured, registered or held by the entity or by its agent in the City's name.

Category 2 Investments that are uninsured and unregistered held by the counterparty's trust department or

agent in the City's name.

Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered investments held by

the counterparty, its trust or its agent, but not in the

City's name.

The City also has investments in government agency bonds and negotiable certificates of deposits, with a market value of \$387,536 at June 30, 2004. These investments are classified by risk level as Category 3.

The City has a certificate of deposit with a market value of \$100,000 at June 30, 2004. This investment is classified by risk level as Category 1.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on property as of July 1 on the State taxable valuation of property in the City as of the preceding December 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for other governmental units. Collection of other governmental units taxes and remittance of them to the units are accounted for in the Agency Fund. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The City is permitted by charter to levy taxes, subject to State Headlee and Truth in Taxation provisions, up to \$20 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation for general governmental services and for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The 2003 State taxable valuation of the City of Grayling totaled \$47,983,191.

The tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

Purpose Rate/Taxable Valuation

General governmental services 14.8000 per \$1,000

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The interfund balances within the primary government are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable		
General Local Street Fiduciary Fund	\$ 488 6,357	\$	6,357 -
	 		488
	\$ 6,845	\$	6,845

The interfund balances are for interest due on property taxes and for grant money restricted for street use.

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers within the primary government are as follows:

	Tro	Transfer In		insfer Out
General Fund Income Tax Fund Water and Sewer Fund Other Nonmajor Govt. Funds	\$	-	\$	(82,932) (43,252)
		43,252 82,932		
	\$	126,184	\$	(126,184)

The operating transfers are mainly for debt service and capital improvements.

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the City's primary government for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004			
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 148,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,421			
Capital Assets							
Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	1,669,006	435,933	-	2,104,939			
Equipment	1,877,066	185,481	-	2,062,547			
Infrastructure	7,651,433	19,600	_	7,671,033			
Subtotal	11,197,505	641,014		11,838,519			
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings	391,653	28,497	-	420,150			
Equipment	948,186	117,294	-	1,065,480			
Infrastructure	5,038,566	255,701	-	5,294,267			
Subtotal	6,378,405	401,492	_	6,779,897			
Net Capital Assets							
Being Depreciated	4,819,100	239,522		5,058,622			
Governmental Activities Net Capital Assets	\$ 4,967,521	\$ 239,522	\$ -	\$ 5,207,043			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

Total governmental activities

Business Type Activities

_	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 200
Business Type Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 76,532	\$	\$ 76,53
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Equipment	7,694,970			7,694,97
Less Accumulated Depreciati Equipment	ion: 2,567,737	149,824		2,717,56
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	5,127,233	(149,824)		4,977,40
Governmental Activities Net Capital Assets	\$ 5,127,233	\$ (73,292)	\$ -	\$ 5,053,94
Depreciation expense was	charged to the	primary gove	rnment as fo	ollows:
Governmental Activities				
General government Public safety Public works Highways and streets Culture and recreation				\$ 32,859 55,130 285 255,048 1,715
Capital assets held by the funds are charged to th	government's ir e various functio	iternal service ns based on u	sage .	404,996

\$ 750,033

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects at year-end. The projects include:

		Project Estimates		Expended to 06/30/04		Committed	
Stormwater Project Community Development Project	\$	295,970 26,660	\$	76,532 16,115	\$	219,438 10,545	
	\$	322,630	\$	92,647	\$	229,983	

At year-end, significant construction in progress amounts are capitalized.

Proprietary Fund Type Property, Plant and Equipment

Proprietary fund type property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2004 are summarized as follows:

	Enterprise	Internal Service
Construction in progress Water and sanitary sewer system	\$ 76,532 7,694,970	\$ - -
Equipment	-	917,014
Total Less: accumulated dep.	7,771,502 (2,717,561)	917,014 (404,996)
Net	\$ 5,053,941	\$ 512,018

NOTE 8: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

In complying with the amended Section 457 requirements, these assets are now for the exclusive benefit of participants and not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors. As such, they are no longer included in an agency fund of the City.

NOTE 9: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City provides pension benefits for employees as designated by City Council through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As of July 1, 2003 employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to each employee's account) are fully vested after four years.

NOTE 9: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN - CONTINUED

As established by City Council and governed by Federal regulations, the City made the required 11.00% contribution. Contributions for the year totaled \$13,840 for the three employees that participated in this plan. There are no contribution requirements for employees of the City of Grayling.

NOTE 10: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Grayling participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the City of Grayling. MERS was established by the State of Michigan for purposes of providing retirement, survivor and disability benefits on a voluntary basis to the State's local government employees. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 North Canal, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding Policy

There are no contribution requirements for members of the City of Grayling. The City is required to contribute all amounts necessary to fund the system using the actuarial basis specified by statute. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the MERS board.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's required and actual contributions were \$64,676. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2003. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.50% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 4.16% per year, based on age, attributable to seniority/merit and, (d) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.5% per year (annually) after retirement, for persons under Benefit E-1 or E-2. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using an entry age actuarial funding method. MERS uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability over a 30 year period on a closed basis.

Three-Year Trend Information for the City of Grayling

Fiscal <u>Year Endina</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation
06-30-02 06-30-03 06-30-04	\$ 71,016 63,660 64,676	100% 100% 100%	- -

Additional trend information may be found within the Required Supplemental Information section of the financial statements.

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment benefits of health insurance to eligible employees. For the year ended June 30, 2004, there was one participant. The City's actual expense was \$7,540.

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2004:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Acitivities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt Installment notes	\$ 900,000 255,000	\$ - 	\$ 25,000 13,513	\$ 875,000 241,487	\$ 25,000 13,966
Total bonds and notes payable	1,155,000	-	38,513	1,116,487	38,966
Compensated absences	34,947	5,790		40,737	
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 1,189,947	\$ 5,790	\$ 38,513	\$ 1,157,224	\$ 38,966
Business Type Activities					
Revenue obligation debt	\$ 1,685,000	\$ -	\$ 29,000	\$ 1,656,000	\$ 30,000

Long-term liabilities payable at June 30, 2004, is composed of the following individual issues:

Bond and Note Obligations (Governmental Activities):

\$900,000, 2003 General Obligation bonds due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$75,000 through August 1, 2022, interest at 2.00% to 5.00%.	\$ 875,000
\$255,000, 2003 Installment Note due in annual installments of \$3,435 to \$3,602 through February 27, 2006, with a final payment due on May 27, 2006 of \$216,802, interest at 3.1%.	241,487
Total governmental activities bond and note obligations	1,116,487
Compensated Absences	40,737
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 1.157.224

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Revenue Obligation (Business Type Activities):

\$1,140,000, 1991 Water and Sewer bonds due in annual installments of \$18,000 to \$65,000 through July 1, 2030, interest at 5%.

\$777,000, 1991 Water and Sewer bonds due in annual installments of \$12,000 to \$445,000 through July 1, 2030, interest at 5%.

Total business type activities long-term liabilities

The annual requirements to amortize all general and revenue obligation bonds and notes outstanding, as of June 30, 2004, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Amortize Outstanding Bonds June 30, 2004

\$ 1,656,000

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				
June 30		rincipal		nterest	Principal		Interest	
<u> </u>		Title p Gi.						
2005	\$	38,966	\$	43,689	\$	30,000	\$	82,050
2006	τ.	257,521	•	42,684		32,000		80,500
2007		30,000		35,080		32,000		78,900
		30,000		34,360		34,000		77,250
2008		35,000		33,436		37,000		75,475
2009		,		147,148		211,000		347,475
2010 - 2014		195,000				272,000		287,350
2015 - 2019		260,000		98,486		348,000		210,250
2020 - 2024		270,000		27,933				111,425
2025 - 2029		-		-		447,000		
2030 - 2034						213,000		10,775
Total	\$	1,116,487	\$	462,816	\$	1,656,000	\$	1,361,450

NOTE 13: DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES/RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund has \$ 940,465 designated for future debt payments, cemetery and fire protection and unfunded pension liabilities.

The Income Tax Fund has \$787,885 designated for future capital improvement projects.

Major Proprietary Funds

The Water and Sewer Fund has \$86,871 of its net assets restricted due to revenue bond indentures. This fund also has \$43,252 of its net assets restricted for the stormwater project.

NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES

The General Fund is contingently liable for the Water and Sewer System revenue bonds. The General Fund is obligated only if revenues of the Water and Sewer System Fund would be insufficient to meet its debt service requirements.

NOTE 15: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City belongs to the Michigan Municipal League Liability and Property Pool, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for various municipalities throughout the state. The City pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. The pool is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each insured event. Although the City could be assessed charges beyond the annual premium, the likelihood of receiving such an assessment is minimal. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January 2004, the City of Grayling was awarded a Community Development Block Grant of \$130,000 from the State of Michigan. As part of this grant, the City must contribute \$107,600 towards the project. In July 2004, the City began construction on Young Street to fulfill its grant obligations.

In September 2004, the City of Grayling received a recreation grant from the State of Michigan to improve the city park. The City must contribute \$116,300 towards this project. The City will fulfill its grant obligations during the 2005 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

City of Grayling Required Supplementary Information Defined Benefit Pension Plan Trend Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Schedule	of	Funding	Progress

_	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
_	12/31/01	\$ 1,334,295	\$ 1,730,118	\$ 395,823	77.1%	\$ 647,584	61.1%
	12/31/02	1,594,116	1,915,610	321,494	83.2%	614,162	52.4%
	12/31/03	1,705,623	1,965,919	260,296	86.8%	582,557	44.7%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed
06/30/02	\$	71,016	100%
06/30/03		63,660	100%
06/30/04		64,676	100%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

City of Grayling Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Debt Service	Capital Project	Total
Revenues Interest	\$ 34	\$ -	\$ 34
Expenditures Debt service: Interest	44,452 38,514		44,452 38,514
Principal retirement Capital outlay:	-	187,400	187,400
Public safety	82,966	187,400_	270,366
Total expenditures	82,700		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(82,932)	(187,400)	(270,332)
Other financing sources (uses)	82,932		82,932
Operating transfers in		(187,400)	(187,400)
Net change in fund balances		187,400	187,400
Fund balances - beginning		107,7400	¢ -
Fund balances - ending	_\$	<u> </u>	Ψ

City of Grayling Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts		
Revenues State grants Interest	\$ 101,608 2,500	\$ 101,608 2,500	\$ 102,216 847	\$ 608 (1,653)	
Total revenues	104,108	104,108	103,063	(1,045)	
Expenditures Current: Routine maintenance Winter maintenance Traffic services Administration	100,800 23,100 4,000 6,950	100,800 23,100 4,000 6,950	90,300 25,318 3,729 6,950	(10,500) 2,218 (271)	
Total expenditures	134,850	134,850	126,297	(8,553)	
Net change in fund balance	(30,742)	(30,742)	(23,234)	7,508	
Fund balance - beginning	239,642	239,642	239,642		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 208,900	\$ 208,900	\$ 216,408	\$ 7,508	

City of Grayling Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

-	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Over/(Under)	
Revenues State grants Interest	\$ 46,044 1,000	\$ 46,044 1,000	\$ 52,780 105	\$ 6,736 (895)	
Total revenues	47,044	47,044	52,885	5,841	
Expenditures Current: Routine maintenance Winter maintenance Administration	85,370 30,100 8,100	85,370 30,100 8,100	63,845 27,248 8,100	(21,525) (2,852) 	
Total expenditures	123,570	123,570	99,193	(24,377)	
Net change in fund balance	(76,526)	(76,526)	(46,308)	30,218	
Fund balance - beginning	81,081	81,081	81,081		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 4,555	\$ 4,555	\$ 34,773	\$ 30,218	

City of Grayling Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness June 30, 2004

Semi-Annual Interest Payable	\$ 18,255 18,005 18,005 17,705 17,705 17,375 17,375 16,985 16,985 16,985	\$ 448,412
Total Outstanding June 30, 2004	\$ 25,000 30,000 30,000 35,000	\$ 875,000
Due Date	8/1/2004 2/1/2005 8/1/2005 2/1/2006 8/1/2006 2/1/2007 2/1/2007 2/1/2008 8/1/2009 1/1/2008	
Interest Rate	2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.20% 2.20% 2.20% 3.05% 3.05% 3.40-5.00%	
Amount of Issue	\$	
Date of Issue	February 4, 2003	
	General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2003A	

Optional Prior Redemption: The bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2012 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. Call provision:

Bonds or portions of bonds in multiples of \$5,000 maturing on or after August 1, 2013 shall be subject to redemption without a premium, at the option of the City, in such order as the City shall determine and within any maturity by lot, on any interest payment date on or after August 1, 2012, at par and accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

City of Grayling Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness June 30, 2004

Semi-Annual Interest Payable			\$ 24,625 24,175	24,175	23,700	23,225	22,725	575,375	\$ 809,825
Total Outstanding June 30, 2004			\$ 18,000	19,000	19,000	20,000	22,000	887,000	\$ 985,000
Due Date			7/1/2004	7/1/2005	7/1/2006	7/1/2007	7/1/2008	1/1/2009 Thereafter	
Interest Rate			5.00%						
Amount of Issue			\$ 1,140,000						
Date of Issue			June 28, 1991						
	Revenue Bonds:	Water Supply and Sewage Disposal System Junior	Lien Revenue Bond, Series 1991A						

Call provision:

Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City in inverse chronological order, on any interest payment date, at par and accrued interest to the date fixed for prepayment.

(the bond holder) if at any time it should appear to R.E.C.D. that the City is able to refinance this bond by obtaining a loan for such purposes from responsible cooperative or private sources at reasonable rates and terms. In addition, principal installments of this bond are subject to prepayment upon the request of R.E.C.D.

City of Grayling Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness June 30, 2004

\$ 16,775 16,475 16,475 16,150 16,150 15,825 15,825 15,825 15,475 15,100 391,900	\$ 551,625
13,000 13,000 14,000 15,000	671,000
↔	₩
7/1/2004 1/1/2005 7/1/2006 1/1/2006 7/1/2007 1/1/2007 1/1/2008 1/1/2008 1/1/2008	
5.00%	
\$ 777,000	
June 28, 1991	
	1 \$ 777,000 5.00% 7/1/2004 \$ 12,000 \$ 1/1/2005 7/1/2006 1/1/2006 13,000 1/1/2007 14,000 1/1/2008 15,000 1/1/2008 15,000 1/1/2008 15,000

Water Supply and Sewage Disposal System Junior Lien Revenue Bond,

Series 1991B

Revenue Bonds:

Call provision:

Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City in inverse chronological order, on any interest payment date, at par and accrued interest to the date fixed for prepayment.

(the bond holder) if at any time it should appear to R.E.C.D. that the City is able to refinance this bond by obtaining a loan for such purposes from responsible cooperative or private sources at reasonable rates and terms. In addition, principal installments of this bond are subject to prepayment upon the request of R.E.C.D.

October 6, 2004

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Manager City of Grayling, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grayling, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City of Grayling's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Grayling's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Grayling's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hill, Schrodens & Co.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Petoskey, Michigan